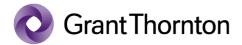


Financial Statements

Toronto Children's Care Inc.

December 31, 2019



Independent auditor's report

To the Board of Directors of Toronto Children's Care Inc.

Grant Thornton LLP 11th Floor 200 King Street West, Box 11 Toronto, ON M5H 3T4 T +1 416 366 0100 F +1 416 360 4949

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **Toronto Children's Care Inc.** (the "Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of operations and changes in fund balances, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Toronto Children's Care Inc. as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

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Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Grant Thornton LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Canada March 25, 2020

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Toronto Children's Care Inc. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Year ended December 31

	2019 \$	2018 \$
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,535,206	1,656,012
Accounts receivable	116,640	145,162
Prepaid expenses and other assets	77,280	125,641
Total current assets	1,729,126	1,926,815
Investments (Note 3)	20,336,100	18,439,565
Capital assets, net (Note 4)	26,868,598	27,528,752
Total assets	48,933,824	47,895,132
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 5) Deferred contributions (Note 6) Current portion of other long-term debt (Note 7)	377,957 24,441 81,210	435,003 63,000 81,210
Total current liabilities	483,608	579,213
Other long-term debt (Note 7)	159,529	238,680
Total liabilities	643,137	817,893
FUND BALANCES		
General fund	1,029,800	589,443
Internally restricted fund (Note 8)	20,392,289	18,959,044
Capital asset fund	26,868,598	27,528,752
Total fund balances	48,290,687	47,077,239
Total liabilities and fund balances	48,933,824	47,895,132

On behalf of the Board:

_____Director _____Director

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Toronto Children's Care Inc. STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year ended December 31

	General	Fund	Internally Re	stricted Fund	Capital A	sset Fund	Externally Rest	ricted Fund	To	al
	2019 2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2019 2018	2019	2018	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
REVENUES AND OTHER SUPPORT										
Contributions	5,177,912	4,502,012	-	-	-	-	150,000	200,000	5,327,912	4,702,012
Fundraising activities/events	726,414	1,071,237	-	-	-	-	-	-	726,414	1,071,237
RMH room donations/fees	339,385	395,860	-	-	-	-	-	-	339,385	395,860
Other revenues	94	1,422	-	-	-	-	-	-	94	1,422
Investment income, net (Note 3)	-	-	485,248	366,814	-	-	-	-	485,248	366,814
Total revenues and other support	6,243,805	5,970,531	485,248	366,814		-	150,000	200,000	6,879,053	6,537,345
EXPENSES										
	2 (04 201	2 202 (82			022 100	007 254	150.000	200.000	4 (77 500	4 400 027
Program	3,604,391	3,302,683	-	-	923,109	907,254	150,000	200,000	4,677,500	4,409,937
Management and general	598,288	571,995	-	-	-	-	-	-	598,288	571,995
Fundraising	1,171,355	964,612	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,171,355	964,612
Cost of direct benefits to donors	166,459	386,469	-	-	-	-	-	-	166,459	386,469
Total expenses	5,540,493	5,225,759	-	-	923,109	907,254	150,000	200,000	6,613,602	6,333,013
Excess of operating revenues over expenses (expenses over revenues)	703,312	744,772	485,248	366,814	(923,109)	(907,254)	-	-	265,451	204,332
Realized or unrealized (losses) gains (Note 3)	-	-	947,997	(1,260,567)	-	-	-	-	947,997	(1,260,567)
Excess of revenues over expenses (expenses over revenues)	703,312	744,772	1,433,245	(893,753)	(923,109)	(907,254)	-	-	1,213,448	(1,056,235)
Fund balances, beginning of year	589,443	373,113	18,959,044	19,852,797	27,528,752	27,907,564	-	-	47,077,239	48,133,474
Transfers between funds (Note 10)	(262,955)	(528,442)	-	-	262.955	528,442	-	-	-	-
Fund balances, end of year	1,029,800	589,443	20,392,289	18,959,044	26,868,598	27,528,752	-	-	48,290,687	47,077,239

Toronto Children's Care Inc. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

Year ended December 31, 2019

		Program S	ervices		Sup	porting Service	S	2019	2018
	Ronald McDonald House	Ronald McDonald Family Room	Other Program Services	Total Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising	Cost of Direct Benefits to Donors	Total Expenses	Total Expenses
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Salaries	1,859,257	754,367	-	2,613,624	370,715	932,792	-	3,917,131	3,506,392
Employee benefits	53,625	-	-	53,625	-	-	-	53,625	48,567
Employment payroll taxes	-	-	-	-	57,595	-	-	57,595	51,502
Amortization of capital assets	727,646	195,463	-	923,109	-	-	-	923,109	907,254
Advertising	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,598
Cleaning service and supplies	30,719	-	-	30,719	-	30,570	-	61,289	30,427
Donor recognition	-	-	-	-	-	-	166,459	166,459	386,469
Education, training and meetings	16,306	7,365	-	23,671	28,871	11,488	-	64,030	44,026
Family support services and supplies	90,058	-	-	90,058	-	-	-	90,058	69,437
Insurance	-	-	-		40,479	-	-	40,479	38,800
Interest and bank charges	-	-	-		15,220	-	-	15,220	53,061
Linens and laundry	4,061	-	-	4,061	-	-	-	4,061	12,569
Maintenance and repairs	240,917	6,465	-	247,382	-	-	-	247,382	221,918
Office supplies	8,806	11,767	-	20,573	17,550	14,480	-	52,603	55,876
Postage and courier	2,214	-	-	2,214	1,298	14,189	-	17,701	55,260
Printing costs	-	-	-		-	45,760	-	45,760	32,326
Professional fees	135,262	-	-	135,262	36,608	-	-	171,870	248,451
Technology and telephone	189,030	1,566	-	190,596	-	67,161	-	257,757	188,220
Travel, meal and entertainment costs	5,826	6,029	-	11,855	6,694	2,582	-	21,131	44,031
Utilities	297,380	-	-	297,380	-	-	-	297,380	255,779
Vehicle expense	160	-	-	160	-	-	-	160	2,294
Volunteer resources and recognition	17,634	-	-	17,634	-	-	-	17,634	20,439
Other expenses	15,577	-	-	15,577	23,258	52,333	-	91,168	34,317
Total Expenses	3,694,478	983,022	-	4,677,500	598,288	1,171,355	166,459	6,613,602	6,333,013

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Toronto Children's Care Inc. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended December 31

	2019 \$	2018 \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess of revenues over expenses(expenses over revenues) for the year		
General fund	703,312	744,772
Internally restricted fund	1,433,245	(893,753)
Capital asset fund	(923,109)	(907,254)
Add (deduct) items not involving cash		
Amortization of capital assets	923,109	907,254
Realized or unrealized loss (gain) on sale of investments	(947,997)	1,260,567
Dividends reinvested	(509,539)	(208,865)
Amortization of imputed interest benefit	2,059	12,999
^	681,080	915,720
Net change in non-cash working capital balances		
related to operations		
Accounts receivable	28,522	(9,656)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	48,361	(23,463)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(57,046)	177,822
Deferred contributions	(38,559)	(147,860)
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	662,358	912,563
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of investments, net of sales	(438,999)	306,198
Purchases of capital assets	(262,955)	(528,442)
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(701,954)	(222,244)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(01.01.0)
Repayment of other long-term liabilities	(81,210)	(81,210)
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(81,210)	(81,210)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year	(120,806)	609,109
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,656,012	1,046,903
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	1,535,206	1,656,012
	2019	2018
Represented by:	\$	\$
Cash	1,479,017	1,136,533
Segregated cash – internally restricted fund	56,189	519,479
	1,535,206	1,656,012

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

1. NATURE OF THE ORGANIZATION

Organization

Toronto Children's Care Inc. (the "Organization") is incorporated without share capital under the provisions of the Corporations Act (Ontario). The Organization is a registered charity that operates a Ronald McDonald House in Toronto. The Organization is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and is exempt from income tax under Section 149(1)(1) of the Income Tax Act and is able to issue donation receipts for income tax purposes. Registration remains valid so long as the Organization continues to fulfil the requirements of the Act and regulations in respect of registered charities.

The mission of Ronald McDonald House Charities (RMHC) is to create, find and support programs that directly improve the health and well-being of children and their families. RMHC and the network of local Chapters, of which there are 14 in Canada, ascribe to five core values: we are focused on the critical needs of children, we lead with compassion, we celebrate the diversity of our people and our programs, we value our heritage and we operate with accountability and transparency.

In Canada, 13 Regional RMHC Chapters work collaboratively through the support of RMHC Canada, Canada's national RMHC foundation, which is focused on contributing funding from McDonald's Restaurants of Canada and other donors, to support the building and operations of Ronald McDonald Houses, Family Rooms and Ronald McDonald Care Mobiles to help enable the support of families with sick children.

We fulfill our mission through operation of sustainable programs that enable family-centered care, bridge access to quality health care, are a vital part of the health care continuum and strengthen families during difficult times. The following programs, operated by the Organization, represent the core functions of Ronald McDonald House Charities:

Ronald McDonald House

When children must travel long distances to access top medical care, accommodations and support for families can be expensive or not readily available. The Organization helps families stay close to their ill or injured child through the Ronald McDonald House program located in Toronto, which provide temporary lodging, meals and other support to children and their families. The program provides families with emotional and physical comfort and increases the caregivers' ability to spend more time with their child, to interact with their clinical care team and to participate in critical medical care decisions.

Ronald McDonald Family Room

When a child is critically ill, parents may be reluctant to leave the hospital. In order to provide comfort and support to their child, it is important that parents have an opportunity to rest, have a meal or have a moment of quiet. Located inside medical care facilities, the Ronald McDonald Family Room program in serves as a place of respite, relaxation and privacy for family members, often just steps away from where their child is being treated. The Ronald McDonald Family Room program provides parents with an opportunity to remain close to their hospitalized child and to be an active member of their child's health care team.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Part III of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada ["CPA Canada"] Handbook – Accounting, which sets out generally accepted accounting principles for not-for-profit organizations in Canada and includes the significant accounting policies summarized below.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the statement of financial position date, and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund accounting

To ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of the resources available to the Organization, the accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of Fund Accounting. Under these principles, the accounts of the Organization have been classified into the following funds:

The General fund (previously called the "Unrestricted fund") reports unrestricted resources available for general operating activities.

The Internally Restricted fund is used to report the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses internally restricted by the Board of Directors. This fund includes two funds: The Stabilization fund and The Property Replacement Reserve fund. The Stabilization Fund was established by the Board of Directors to ensure the organization's future financial stability; the purpose of the fund is to cover the future cost of ongoing programs in the event of an unanticipated loss of funding. The Property Replacement Reserve fund was established to have funds available for future repairs to and maintenance of the property components of the Organization. Any funds internally restricted by the Board of Directors are recorded through a transfer to the respective fund.

The Capital Asset fund (previously called the "Invested in Capital Assets fund") reports resources that are restricted to the Organization's capital asset purchases, replacements, or maintenance initiatives.

The Externally Restricted fund is used to report resources contributed with specified restrictions as to their uses.

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

Contributions, grants, and bequests are recorded in the appropriate funds when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the General fund when initially recorded in the accounts. Externally restricted contributions are recorded in the Restricted Fund or Capital Asset Fund when initially recognized in the accounts.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from fundraising is recognized as revenue in the corresponding fund as appropriate in the year received or receivable, if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Fees are recognized when the services have been provided. Revenue from room payments is recognized as revenue in the General fund on an accrual basis when the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Investment income (loss) consists of interest, dividends, and income distributions from pooled funds. Investment income earned on Restricted Fund or Capital Asset Fund resources that must be spent on donor-restricted activities is recognized as revenue of the respective fund. General investment income earned on Restricted Fund, Capital Asset Fund and General Fund resources is recognized as revenue of the General Fund. Investment losses are allocated in a manner consistent with investment income.

Interest earned on resources of the Unrestricted and Internally Restricted funds is recognized in the respective funds on an accrual basis and dividend income recognized when received.

Expense allocation

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the Statements of Functional Expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit and short-term investments with a short-term to maturity of approximately three months or less from the date of purchase unless they are held for investment rather than liquidity purposes, in which case they are classified as investments.

Financial instruments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Transactions are recorded on a trade date basis and transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Other financial instruments, including accounts receivable and accounts payable, are initially recorded at their fair value and are subsequently measured amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in net earnings.

Long-term debt

Long-term debt is initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs and financing fees. It is subsequently measured at amortized cost. Transaction costs and financing fees are amortized using the straight-line method.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Contributed materials and services

Donated materials and services are recorded in the financial statements at fair market value when fair market value can be reasonably estimated. The Organization would not be able to operate Ronald McDonald House Toronto and family rooms successfully and effectively as it does without the assistance of numerous dedicated volunteers and donors who contribute a considerable amount of time, effort and materials over the course of the year. Because of the difficulty of determining the fair value of this time and effort, contributed materials and services are not recognized in these financial statements.

Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost less accumulated amortization. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of the contribution. Amortization is determined using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Land	n/a
Building	40 years
Furniture, fixtures, equipment	10 years
Family Rooms	10 years

Interest is capitalized during the period in which the capital assets are being constructed.

Impairment of long-lived assets

Long-lived assets are tested for impairment when events of changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying value may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying value exceeds the total undiscounted cash flows expected from their use and eventual disposition. The amount of the impairment loss is determined as the excess of the carrying value of the asset over its residual value.

3. INVESTMENTS

[a] Investments, all of which are recorded at fair value, have an asset mix as follows:

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Cash held by investment manager		
Internally restricted funds	56,189	519,479
	56,189	519,479

3. INVESTMENTS (continued)

	2019 \$	2018 \$	
Internally Restricted funds			
-			
Fixed Income			
Government treasury bills	5,566,982	5,038,839	
Mutual funds and other investments	8,985,397	8,518,789	
Equities			
Mutual funds and other investments	5,783,721	4,881,937	
	20,336,100	18,439,565	

Investments in pooled funds have been allocated among the asset classes based on the underlying investments held in the pooled funds.

[b] Investment income (loss) consists of the following:

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Interest income	8,865	4,589
Dividends	512,707	398,153
Realized or unrealized gains (losses)	947,997	(1,260,567)
Management fees	(36,324)	(35,928)
	1,433,245	(893,753)

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets consist of the following:

		2019	
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net book value \$
Land	3,230,866	_	3,230,866
Buildings	27,119,704	5,359,878	21,759,826
Furniture, fixtures, equipment	3,079,811	2,141,807	970,479
Family rooms	1,643,912	704,010	939,902
-	35,074,293	8,205,695	26,868,598

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

		2018		
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net book value \$	
Land	3,230,866	-	3,230,866	
Buildings	27,010,060	4,683,255	22,326,805	
Furniture, fixtures, equipment	2,954,002	2,058,310	895,692	
Family rooms	1,616,411	541,022	1,075,389	
	34,811,339	7,282,587	27,528,752	

5. GOVERNMENT REMITTANCES PAYABLE OR RECEIVABLE

As at Dec 31, 2019, accounts receivable include government remittances receivable of \$78,218 (2018 - \$105,567).

6. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

Deferred contributions represent unspent resources externally restricted for program expenses in future years for which a corresponding fund does not exist. Changes in the deferred contributions balance are as follows:

	2019 \$	2018 \$	
Balance, beginning of year	63,000	210,860	
Amount received during the year	6,355,250	6,022,671	
Amount recognized as revenue during the year	(6,393,809)	(6,170,531)	
Balance, end of year	24,441	63,000	

7. OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT

[a] Long-term debt consists of the following:

	2019	2018	
	\$	\$	
 Toronto Energy Conservation Fund Loan, due January 1, 2022, repayable at quarterly instalments of \$18,165. The loan bears no interest except on outstanding instalments which are subject to interest at the Royal Bank of Canada's prime rate. Toronto Green Energy Fund, due January 1, 2032, repayable at quarterly instalments of \$2,137. The loan bears no interest except on outstanding instalments which are subject to interest 	163,485	236,145	
at the Royal Bank of Canada's prime rate.	104,740	113,290	
Less: imputed interest benefit	(27,486)	(29,545)	
Less current portion	(81,210)	(81,210)	
	159,529	238,680	

[b] The estimated principal repayments of long-term debt due in each of the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

	\$
2020	01.210
2020	81,210
2021	81,210
2022	26,715
2023	8,550
2024	8,550
Thereafter	61,990
	268,225

[c] The loans payable are initially recorded at fair value. The fair value of these interest free loans are estimated as the present value of all future payments discounted using the prevailing market rates of interest for similar instruments. The difference between fair value and amount received has been accounted for as a imputed interest benefit, which is being amortized over the life of the loans and included in management and general expenses.

8. INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE

The Internally Restricted fund is comprised of the following balances:

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Stabilization fund	15,881,452	14,712,536
Property Replacement Reserve fund	4,510,837	4,246,508
	20,392,289	18,959,044

During the period ended December 31, 2019 \$Nil (2018 – \$Nil) was transferred from the operating fund to the internally restricted fund.

9. LETTER OF CREDIT

Toronto Children's Care Inc. has a standby letter of credit bearing interest at 1.3% per annum. The beneficiary of this letter of credit is the Ontario Teachers Federation. As of December 31, 2019, an amount of \$30,633 (2018 - \$30,633) has been drawn on the letter of credit.

10. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers between funds during the year consist of the following:

	General Fund		Restricted Fund		Capital Asset Fund		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Transfers approved							
by the Board	(262,955) (528,442)	-	-	262,955	528,442	
	(262,955) (528,442)	-	-	262,955	528,442	

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Organization is exposed to various financial risks through transactions in financial instruments.

Credit risk

The Organization is exposed to credit risk in connection with its accounts receivable and its short-term and fixed income investments because of the risk that one party to the financial instrument may cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Organization assesses on that basis of amounts for which ultimate collection is reasonably assured based on their estimated realizable value.

Interest rate risk

The Organization is exposed to interest rate risk with respect to its fixed rate debt, line of credit and its investments in fixed income investments and pooled funds that hold fixed income securities because the fair value will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

Liquidity risk

The Organization is exposed to the risk that it will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Organization considers that it has sufficient funds available to meet its obligations as they come due.

Market risk

The Organization's investments in publicly-traded securities exposes the Organization to price risks as equity investments are subject to price changes in an open market. The Organization does not use derivative financial instruments to alter effects of this risk.

The Organization is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk or foreign currency risk at the statement of financial position date.

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Ronald McDonald House Charities (RMHC) is a system of independent, separately registered public benefit organizations, referred to as "Chapters" within the global organization. The Organization is an independent operating Chapter within the RMHC system. Each Chapter is licensed by McDonald's Corporation and Ronald McDonald House Charities, Inc. to use RMHC related trademarks in conjunction with fundraising activities and the operation of its programs; the License Agreement also sets standards of operations for programs, governance, finance, branding and reporting.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Organization received from Ronald McDonald House Charities, Inc. \$Nil [2018 - \$64,045]; and the Organization received \$1,091,243 [2018 - \$1,302,506] from Ronald McDonald House Charities, Canada.

13. CONCENTRATIONS

Contributions totaling \$1,091,243 and \$1,302,506, were received from a single donor, RMHC Canada, during the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, which represents 18% and 23%, respectively of total public support.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management evaluated subsequent events through March 25, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent events that required recognition or additional disclosure in the financial statements.